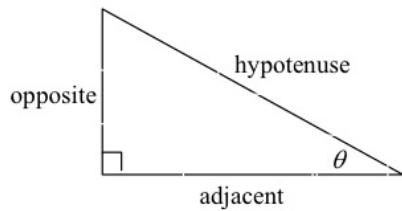


# Reference Guide for Basic Trigonometry

## Right triangle definition

For this definition we assume that

$$0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ or } 0^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ.$$



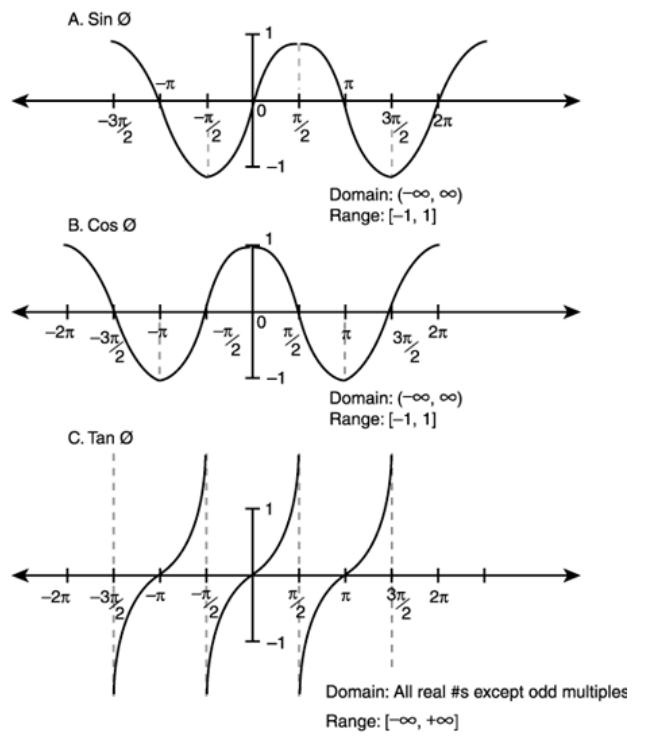
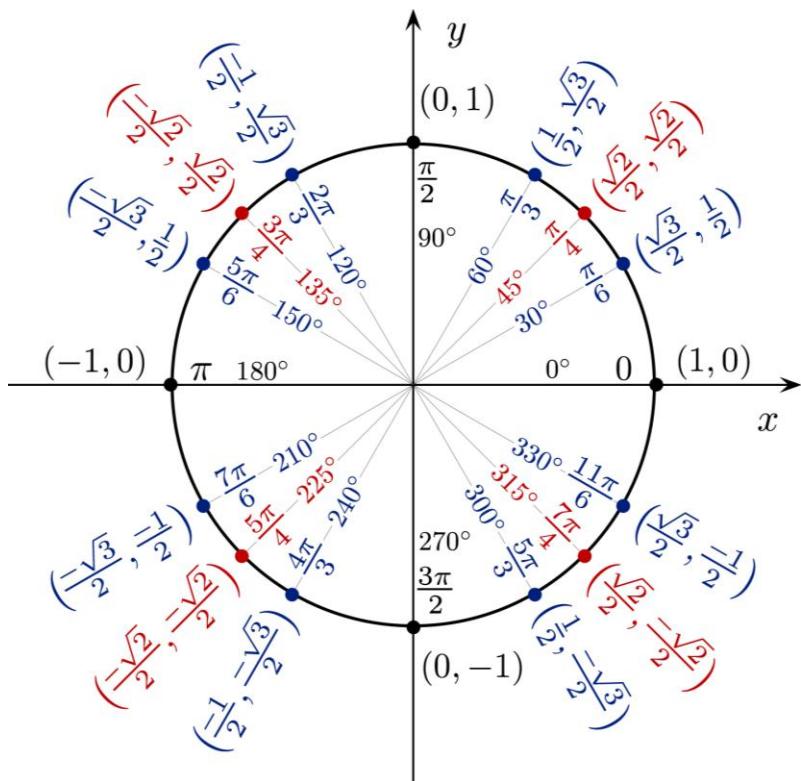
$$\begin{aligned}\sin \theta &= \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}} & \csc \theta &= \frac{\text{hypotenuse}}{\text{opposite}} \\ \cos \theta &= \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}} & \sec \theta &= \frac{\text{hypotenuse}}{\text{adjacent}} \\ \tan \theta &= \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}} & \cot \theta &= \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{opposite}}\end{aligned}$$

## Tangent and Cotangent Identities

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \quad \cot \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

## Reciprocal Identities

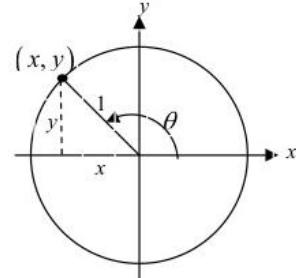
$$\begin{aligned}\csc \theta &= \frac{1}{\sin \theta} & \sin \theta &= \frac{1}{\csc \theta} \\ \sec \theta &= \frac{1}{\cos \theta} & \cos \theta &= \frac{1}{\sec \theta} \\ \cot \theta &= \frac{1}{\tan \theta} & \tan \theta &= \frac{1}{\cot \theta}\end{aligned}$$



## Degrees to Radians Formulas

If  $x$  is an angle in degrees and  $t$  is an angle in radians then

$$\frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{t}{x} \Rightarrow t = \frac{\pi x}{180} \quad \text{and} \quad x = \frac{180t}{\pi}$$



$$\begin{aligned}\sin \theta &= \frac{y}{1} = y & \csc \theta &= \frac{1}{y} \\ \cos \theta &= \frac{x}{1} = x & \sec \theta &= \frac{1}{x} \\ \tan \theta &= \frac{y}{x} & \cot \theta &= \frac{x}{y}\end{aligned}$$

